

For incoming

2nd Grade

students

## Summer Packet

Name

Please return this completed packet to your teacher(s) the first week of school. This will be counted as a grade and included in the first nine weeks report card.

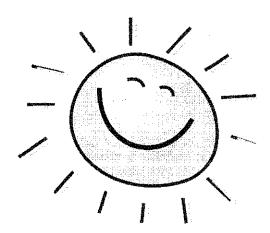
2020-2021 School Year

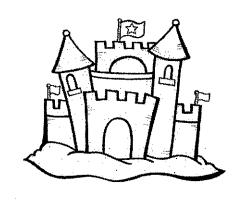
## Students Entering 2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Summer Packet

To get prepared for the school year, each student is asked to read three books from the list provided and complete the grade-specific book reports.

When they return to school this year, they will bring their book reports and share with the class the books they read.

Students should complete all of the handouts in this packet. Students should spread out the work and try not to complete it all in a week. These will be collected the first week of school and will count as a grade.





# IO FUN SUMMER LEARNING IDEAS

for your rising 2nd grader

<u>Tip #1:</u> Make learning fun! You definitely don't want summer practice to become a battle between you and your child. Keep things fun and light by using games, technology, and educational day trips to engage your child.

<u>Tip #2</u>: Use what's free and close by. The library is your best friend! Visit it every week or every two weeks so your child can check out new reading material and use the computers. Many libraries have summer reading programs with incentives (prizes!). Use the internet to search for other opportunities in your area. Local museums, planetariums, and even hardware stores may offer fun (and sometimes free) activities for children, especially during the summer.

 $\underline{\text{Tip } \#3}$ : Motivate your child with technology! Here are some helpful links that you and your child can visit over the summer:

- ABCya.com (variety of fun math and reading games)
- http://blog.reallygoodstuff.com/II-free-reading-websites-for-kids/ (links to II different websites with stories for kids to read and listen to)
- http://sheppardsoftware.com (reading, math, science, and social studies games)

<u>Tip #4:</u> Use apps! Many families have smartphones, iPads, or other tablets. Turn playtime into learning time by downloading educational apps. Check out the links below for some reviews of age-appropriate apps for your rising first grader:

- http://teacherswithapps.com/category/elementary-school/ (Teachers with Apps reviews of apps for elementary-aged kids)
- http://www.smartappsforkids.com/ages-6-8-1/ (Smart Apps for Kids review of apps for kids ages 6-8)
- http://bestappsforkids.com/category/apps-by-age-grade/lst-grade/ (Best Apps for Kids review of lst grade apps)

Tip #5: Your child probably made a LOT of progress with her reading during first grade, and you certainly don't want those gains to be lost over the summer! When choosing books that are just right for your soon-to-be second grader, have your child read aloud the first 2 pages to you. On those first 2 pages, your child should be able to read all but about 3 of the words. If there are more than 3 tricky words on these two pages, this is a good indication that the book is too hard for your child and will frustrate him/her. You'll want to choose a variety of books, of course - some that are too hard for your child but that you can read aloud to her, and some that are just right for your child to read independently. Here are some fun books that may be appropriate for your child to read independently, or with just a little help:

Young Cam Jansen and the Baseball Mystery (David Adler)
Aunt Eater Loves a Mystery (Doug Cushman)

Fox and Mis Friends (Edward Marshall)

Poppleton Mas Fun (Cynthia Rylant)

Shoo, Fly Guy! (Ted Arnold)

Will It Float or Sink? (Melissa Stewart)

The Sun (Melanie Chrismer)

THE ATTER AT

<u>Sea Turtles</u> (Carol Lindeen)

<u>Mammerhead Shark</u> (Deborah Nuzzolo)

Neil Armstrong (Dana Rau)

Series books are always great, because once your child gets "into" the series, she'll want to read more and more of the books! I also really recommend checking out some nonfiction for your child to read. Kids at this age, especially boys, tend to enjoy nonfiction, and it's important for them to spend time reading informational texts. Your local librarian may have additional lists or suggestions for you, too. In many libraries, there is an "easy reader" section that you may want to check out.

<u>Tip #6:</u> Integrate learning into everyday activities. For example, your child can easily practice writing by helping you make a grocery list. You can dictate what you want on the list, and your child can write down the words. Don't focus too much on correct spelling, unless your child insists on it. What is most important is having your child practice listening for the sounds in words and then writing them down. Other fun summer writing ideas: have your child keep a daily or weekly journal, write a postcard to a friend or relative, write letters to his/her Kindergarten teacher, or write about a vacation trip.

Tip #7: Cook up something in the kitchen! Choose a simple recipe and have your child help you make it. You can incorporate reading skills (to read the recipe), math skills (measuring), and practical life skills. Here are some links to child-friendly recipes: http://www.kraftrecipes.com/YourKids/main.aspx (Kids' Recipes from Kraft) http://www.childrensrecipes.com/childrens\_recipes\_index.htm (childrensrecipes.com) Tip #8: Play car games! Here are some ideas: - Play "Make My Sum." Choose a number from 2 to 20. Tell your child, "Can you make the number \_\_? Look for numbers on license plates or on signs that add up to make the number \_\_\_." For example, you might choose the number 14 as your sum. Your child might find the numbers 9 and 6, which make 14 when added together. Encourage your child to look for other ways to make that same number, such as by adding 10, 2, and 2. Then, give your child a different sum to search for, or have your child tell you a sum to search for. - Mave a sight word search. Mave your child shout out any sight words he/she sees on billboards and recognizes instantly. <u>Tip #9:</u> Take out the camera! Kids love working with pictures of themselves! There are lots of learning activities that you and your child can do with photos. Here are a few ideas: - Take a series of pictures of your child doing a simple activity or chore (i.e. making a peanut butter sandwich). Then, print out the pictures - I per page - and have your child write a book to teach someone how to do the activity. - Have your child make an alphabet book by taking pictures of things in your home / outside that start with each letter of the alphabet. - After taking a vacation or special trip, print out photos (I per page). Have your child write captions for the photos and staple them together to create a memory book. Tip #10: Last but not least don't forget to take time to relax! Summer camps, vacations, sports games, and summer homework are great, but don't forget to leave your child some "down time." When your child has free time, she'll have the opportunity to use her imagination, be creative, and get to know herself better. Even if your family has a busy schedule, be sure to build in some down time before the new school year begins. Enjoy the summer!! ONIS. Lilypad's Primary Pond

#### Suggestions for Summer Reading Rising Second Graders

#### Student's Name:

Student's Name:	
Title/Author	Title/Author
A Kid's Guide to African American History by Nancy Sanders	Testing the Ice: A True Story About Jackie Robinson by Sharon Robinson
A <i>lien Invaders</i> by Lynn Huggins-Cooper	The Best Seat in Second Grade by Katharine Kenah
All About Sharks and other titles by Jim Arnosky	The Cazuela That the Farm Maiden Stirred by Samantha Vamos
Amelia Bedelia books by Peggy Parish	The True Story of the Three Little Pigs by Jon Scieszka
Animals Aslee by Sneed Collard, III	This is Not My Hat by Jon Klassen
Arthur series by Marc Brown	What Was I Scared Of? by Dr. Seuss
Blackout by John Rocco	Where Are the Night Animals by Mary Ann Fraser
Boot and Shoe by Marla Frazee	Zero the Hero by Joan Holub
Boy, Were We Wrong About Dinosaurs by Kathleen Kudlinski	
Click Clack Moo by Doreen Cronin	
Creepy Carrots by Aaron Renolds	Novels/Chapter Books for Reading Aloud
Every Little Thing by Cedella Marley	Chocolate Fever by Robert Smith
Face to Face with Frogs by Mark Moffett	Clementine by Sara Pennypacker
A Fine, Fine School by Sharon Creech	Frindle by Andrew Clements
Frog and Toad series by Arnold Lobel	Gooney Bird series by Lois Lowry
Froggy series by Jonathan London	Half Magic by Edward Eager
Game Day by Tiki Barber	Indian in the Cupboard by Lynn Banks
Get Ready for Second Grade, Amber Brown by Paula Danziger	
Golly Sisters series by Betsy Byars	Mysterious Benedict Society by Trenton Stewart
Good Dog, Aggie by Lori Ries	The Great Gilly Hopkins by Katherine Paterson
Grandma's Smile by Randy Siegel	The Littles by John Peterson
Henry and Mudge series by Cynthia Rylant	The Miraculous Journey of Edward Tulane by Kate DiCamillo
Like Myself by Karen Beaumont	Where the Mountain Meets the Moon by Grace Lin
Love My Hair! by Natasha Tarpley	
vy and Bean series by Annie Barrows	
Lemonade for Sale by Stuart Murphy	On Line Resources:
	Here you will find great reading materials such as Tumble Books, National
Library Lily by Gillian Shields	Geographic Kids, and Britannica. See your school librarian for password
	information.
Marvin Redpost series by Louis Sacher	http://onesearch.henrico.k12.va.us
And the second s	Follett Shelf eBooks: Read from over 3,000 titles. See your school librarian
Mercy Watson series by Kate DiCamillo	for password information.
My Mouth is a Volcano by Julia Cook	https://wbb10060.follettshelf.com/shelf/servlet/presentshelff
wy woodn is a valeano by Julia Cook	orm.do?site=10060
Vate the Great by Margorie Sharmat	Great Reading Websites
Night School by Loris Lesynski	http://en.childrenslibrary.org/
One Cool Friend by Toni Buzzeo	http://www.storylineonline.net/
Poetry books by Shel Silverstein	
Randy Riley's Really Big Hit by Chris Van Dusen	HCPS

#### GRADE 2 BOOK REPORT

Name:	
Title:	
Author:	
Where and whe	en does the story take place?
	. Then write 2 words to describe each character.
•	
	•
What was the b	est part of the story? Why?
	,
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#### **GRADE 2 BOOK REPORT**

Name:	
Title:	
Author:	
Where and when does the story take place?	
List 3 characters. Then write 2 words to describe each cha	aracter.
1:	
2:	
3::::	

#### GRADE 2 BOOK REPORT

Name:
Title:
Author:
Where and when does the story take place?
List 3 characters. Then write 2 words to describe each character.
1:
2:
3::::::
What was the best part of the story? Why?

#### **Dolch Sight Word Checklist**

			Level: Pre-Prin	ner		
a	come	help	jump	not	see	we
and	down	here	little	one	the	where
away	find		look	play	three	yellow
big	for	in	make	red	to	you
blue	funny	is	me	run	two	
can	go	it	my	said	up	
	<u> </u>	eta ja eta j	Level: Prime	r		
all	but	have	on	say	too	who
am	came	he	our	she	under	will
are	did	into	out	so	want	with
at	do	like	please	soon	was	yes
ate	eat	must	pretty	that	well	:
be	four	new	ran	there	went	
black	get	no	ride	they	what	
brown	good	now	saw	this	white	
			Level: 1	<u></u>		·
after	by	giving	how	of	round	fhen
again	could	had	just	old	some	think
an	every	has	know	once	stop	walk
any	fly	her	let	open	take	were
as	from	him	live	over	thank	when
ask	give	his	may	put	them	,
			Level: 2			
always	buy	five	many	sit	US	work
around	call	found	off	sleep	use	would
because		gave	or	tell	very	write
	does	goes	pull	their	wash	your
	don't	green	read	these	which	
best	fast	its	right	those	why	
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Super Teacher Worksheets - www.superteacherworksheets.com

			Level: 3			
about	done	full	if	much	seven	ten
better	draw	got	keep	myself	shall	today
bring	drink	grow	kind	never	show	together
carry	eight	hold	laugh	only	six	try
clean	fall	hot	light	own	small	warm
cut	far	hurt	long	pick	start	

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	apple		cake		egg		grass		money		school	 top
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ļ	back		cat		farm		hand		mother		sheep	 tree
	ball		chair		farmer		head		name		shoe	 watch
	bear		chicken		father		hill		nest		sister	 water
	bed		children		feet	************	home		night		snow	 way
	bell		coat		fire		horse		paper		song	 wind
	bird		corn		fish		house		party		squirrel	 window
	birthday		cow	_	floor		kitty		picture	<u></u>	stick	 woman
	boat		day		flower		leg		pig		street	 women
	box		dog		game	·	letter		rabbit		sun	 wood
	boy		doll		garden		man		rain '		table	
	bread		door		girl		men		ring		thing	
<del></del>	brother		duck	·	good-bye		milk		robin		time	

Name:	

#### **Fireflies**

by Faith Cormier

What are those little green lights on the grass and flying in the yard?

Are they monsters? Are they UFOs?



No, they aren't monsters and they aren't UFOs. They're fireflies.

Fireflies are little insects that glow with a cool green light. If you touch one it won't burn you.

Some fireflies glow to warn other animals that they don't taste good. Frogs, bats, and birds do not like to eat animals that glow. The glow helps keep fireflies safe.

Sometimes we call fireflies glowworms.

You can catch fireflies in a jar. Don't forget to let them go again.

Name:	
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#### **Fireflies**

by Faith Cormier

1. What color are fireflies when they glow?

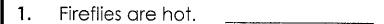


- 2. Fireflies are sometimes called
- 3. If you touch a firefly, will it burn you?

  yes no
- 4. If you catch a firefly in a jar, you should...
  - a. keep it in your bedroom
  - **b.** let it go after you look at it
  - c. put water in the jar
  - d. shake the jar
- 5. When can you find fireflies?
  - a. in the yard
  - **b.** in the grass
  - c. in the day
  - d. at night

#### **Fireflies**

Write <u>true</u> or <u>false</u>.





- 2. Fireflies are called glowworms.
- 3. Fireflies glow with a red light.
- **4.** Fireflies are monsters.
- 5. Fireflies are insects.
- 6. Fireflies can fly.
- 7. Fireflies glow to show other animals they don't taste good.

Draw lines to match words with their meanings.



2. monster

b. bug with six legs

3. **UFO** 

1.

a space ship C.

4. cool

scary creature d.

glow 5.

light up in the dark e.

Now circle the words in the puzzle.

INSECT	MONSTER			IJ	FO	GLOW			
	W		Ν	S	E	С		G	
	S	U		Е	С	0	0	L	
		F	L	Z	E	, –	С	0	
	M	0	Ν	_	T	Ε	R	W	

Name:	 

### The Rhyme Game

by Guy Belleranti

Bella and James sat on the grass.

"Let's play the rhyme game," Bella said. "First, you say a word. Then, I'll say a word that rhymes."

James nodded. "Truck," he said.

"Duck," Bella rhymed.

"House," James said.

"Mouse," Bella rhymed.

"Dog," James said.

"Frog," Bella rhymed.

"Can I do the rhyming now?" James asked.

"Yes," Bella said.

"Dress," James rhymed.

Bella laughed. "Wait. Yes wasn't my word. Here it is now."

"Cow," James rhymed.

"No," Bella said, laughing harder. "No, no, no."

"Go." James rhymed. "Go, go, go."

Bella laughed so hard she rolled on the grass.

James rolled next to her. Rhyming was fun!



	-		
Nai	me:		
		Rhyme Game by Guy Belleranti	
1.	Where does this story take p	place?	
	a. on a sunny day	<b>b.</b> outside	
	c. at the beach	<b>d.</b> in the morning	
2.	Whose idea was it to		
	play the rhyme game?		
3.	What word did Bella rhyme	with dog?	
	<b>a.</b> hog	<b>b.</b> fog	
	<b>c.</b> go	<b>d.</b> frog	
4.	Why did Bella keep laughing	g at James' rhymes?	

Now try this: Play the rhyming game with a friend.

#### The Rhyme Game

by Guy Belleranti

Draw lines to match the words from the story with their meanings.



- 1. grass  $\Box$  small furry animal
- 2. nodded 

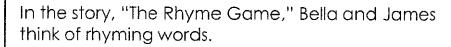
  | large animal that makes milk
- 3. mouse a moved head up and down
- 4. cow 

  green plants that make 
  up a lawn
- 5. laugh  $\square$  opposite of stop
- 6. go 🗆 🗀 Ha, ha, ha!

Name:

#### The Rhyme Game

by Guy Belleranti





Write three sentences with rhyming words. Use a pair of rhymes in each.

examples: A <u>mouse</u> is in my <u>house</u>.

My <u>dog</u> chased a <u>frog</u>.

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Name:		

## First Airplane Trip

by Sara Matson

Jake is going on a trip. He and Mom take a taxi to the airport.

"It's my first plane trip," he tells the taxi driver.

"That's great!" the taxi driver says.

Jake rolls his suitcase onto the plane.

"It's my first plane trip," he tells the





Jake finds his seat and buckles his seatbelt. The plane's engines rumble and roar. Jake opens his backpack and pulls out Panda.

"It's my first plane trip," he whispers. He holds Panda's paw.

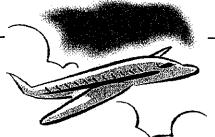
The plane moves faster and faster. Then—Whoosh! On the ground, cars and houses look like toys.

Jake smiles. "Guess what, Panda?" he says. "Flying is fun!"

Name:			
rante.			

## First Plane Trip

by Sara Matson



How do Jake and his mom travel to the airport? 1. a. in a plane **b.** in their car c. in a taxi d. in a bus 2. What does a pilot do? What does the pilot say to Jake? 3. 4. Who is Panda? **a.** Jake's brother **b.** a large animal **c.** Jake's pet d. a stuffed animal 5. What does Jake whisper to Panda? 6.

Read this sentence from the story:

On the ground, the cars and houses look like toys.

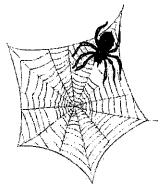
What does this mean?

- a. The cars and houses looked very big.
- **b.** The cars and houses looked very small.
- c. The cars and houses did not move.
- d. Jake could not see the cars and houses.

#### The Spider Web

by Anita Amin

Nina raced her brother Carlos down the sidewalk. "I'm going to win!" Nina laughed, peeking back at him.



Then Nina ran right into a spider web. She
jumped around, screaming. "Is it on me? Get it off of me! Get the spider
off of me!"

Nina slapped her hair. She pulled off the sticky web. "Where's the spider?" Nina cried.

Nina swiped at her face and arms. "I think it's crawling all over me. It must be huge! Do you see it?" She asked Carlos. "Do you see the spider?"

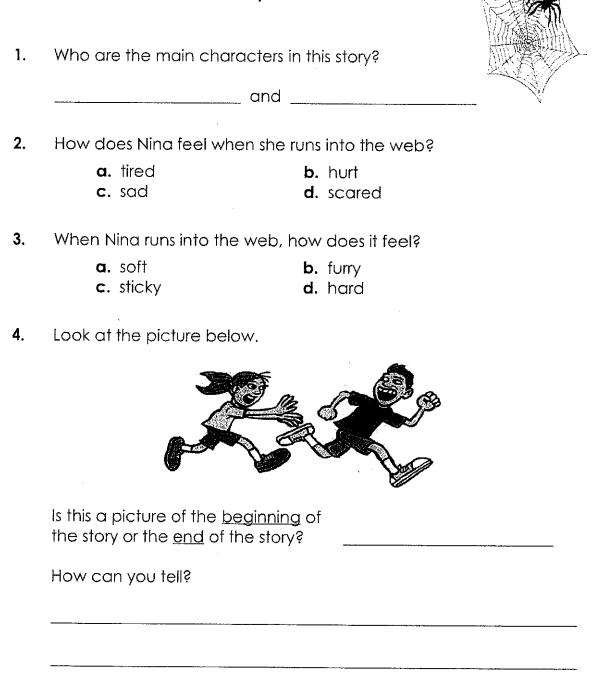
Carlos smiled. He pointed to the sidewalk. "There's your spider," he said.

They watched a baby spider hurry away.

"And guess what." Carlos laughed. He dashed past the finish line.
"I won!"

#### The Spider Web

by Anita Amin



Name:	
ranio.	

#### The Spider Web

#### Vocabulary





a. looking

2. screaming

**b.** animal with 8 leas

3. spider

c. yelling

dashed

4. peeking

spider

hungry.

**d.** ran

Use a word from the box to complete each sentence.

screaming peeking 5. Sam \_\_\_\_\_ across the playground. 6. There is a gray \_\_\_\_\_ climbing on the wall. 7. A kitten was \_\_\_\_\_ at me from a hole in the fence.

8. My baby brother was \_\_\_\_\_\_loudly because he was

Name:		
Mame.		

#### Finding the Main Idea

## Saturday at the Carnival

James and his sister, Anna. went to the carnival on Saturday. They rode the merrygo-round, the roller coaster and the Ferris wheel. James ate popcorn and a hot dog. Anna drank lemonade and



ate an apple. They saw many exciting shows. They were tired when they went home.























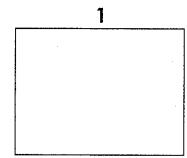




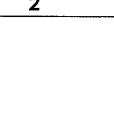
What is the main idea? Circle the correct answer.

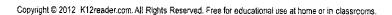
- A. James and Anna were hungry.
- B. James and Anna did many things at the carnival.
- C. The merry-go-round was broken.
- D. The carnival was on Saturday.

Write three details in the story in the boxes.



2





Name:		
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#### Sequencing

Number the sentences to show the correct order.

#### Kay Goes Fishing

- \_ "I've got a fish," Kay yelled.
- Dad started the engine and drove the boat to the other side of the lake.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Dad prepared the fishing pole, dropped the line in the water, and handed it to Kay.
- \_\_\_\_ Kay and her dad climbed into the small boat.

#### Mike and Tom Play Catch

- \_\_\_\_\_ Tom caught the ball and threw it back to Mike.
- \_\_\_\_ Mike reached up in the air for the ball, but missed.
- Mike pulled a baseball out of his jacket pocket and tossed it to Tom.
  - The ball landed on the driveway and rolled toward the street.



#### Fran and the Basketball



- She found a basketball in the garage and started dribbling it.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Fran went outside on a bright and sunny day.
- She dribbled it down the driveway, turned toward the net, and threw the ball into the air.
- Fran jumped excitedly as the ball went through the hoop.

Name:	

#### **Vowel Dipthongs**

au, aw, oi, ou, and oy

Vowel Dipthong	Word	
au	haul	
aw	saw	
oi	boil	
ou	out	
oy	toy	

**Directions:** Write the missing letters on the lines.

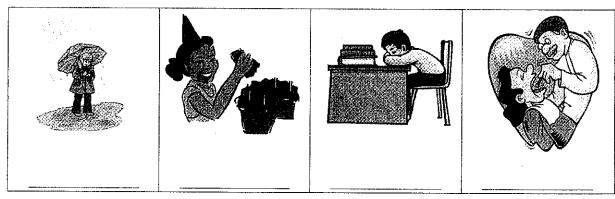
- 1. Gary found a C \_\_\_ \_ N on the street.
- 2. I didn't do it. It's not my F \_\_ \_ L T.
- 3. The girl can D R \_\_ \_ pretty pictures.
- 4. I called my grandma B E C \_\_\_ S E it was her birthday.
- 5. My aunt just had a baby B \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. I see a H \_\_\_ K in the sky.
- 7. If you break the L \_\_\_ \_, you can go to jail.
- 8. Peter wants to J \_\_\_ N the club.
- 9. It's A B \_\_\_ T time they came.
- 10. There is a gray rain C L \_\_ \_ D above us.
- 11. If you leave the milk \_\_ \_ T, it will S P \_\_ \_ L.
- 12. My brother can C \_\_\_\_ N T to ten.

#### Cause and Effect

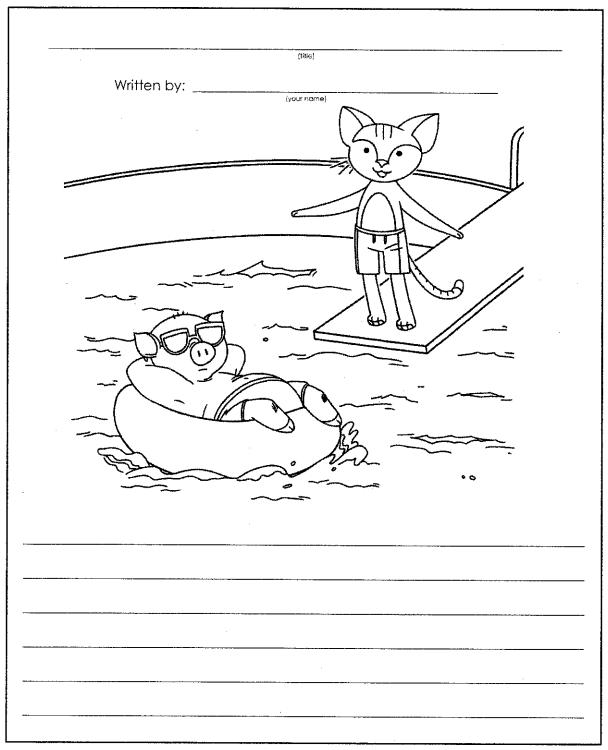
Read each sentence. Determine the cause and underline it in red and determine the effect and underline it in blue.

- 1. I got a tummy ache when I ate too much ice cream.
- 2. Anne had cake for dessert because it was her birthday.
- 3. Thomas was feeling sleepy because he stayed up late doing his homework.
- 4. Dee was hungry, so her mother made her a cheese sandwich.
- 5. Kevin went to dentist because he had a toothache.
- 6. Janice didn't eat her breakfast quickly, so she missed the school bus.
- 7. It was pouring rain, so the football game was canceled.
- 8. Leah wasn't watching where she was walking and she stepped in a puddle.
- 9. Cole wasn't feeling well, so he stayed home from school.
- 10. Jackson didn't go to school because it was Saturday.
- 11. My sister's room was messy, but I helped her clean it up.
- 12. The baby didn't like Cheerios, and she would not eat them.

Re-read the sentences above to find the names of the people in these pictures. Write each person's name on the line.



**Directions:** Write a creative story to go along with the picture.



Page	Name:
· .	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Name:
Out of This World!
Imagine you were taking a trip to outer space. Describe what it's like and tell what kinds of things you do when you get there.

Name:		_	
	Out of This Wo	orld!	
Draw a picture to go al	ong with your story.		
			į
·			

Name:

### The Hungry Alligators

"Greater Than" Alligator

2

10

17



"Less Than" Alligator

22

12 is greater than 10

17 is less than 22

Cut out the greater than and less than alligators on the next page and glue them in the correct boxes.

a.

7

b.

22

19

C.

36

28

d.

62

33

e.

. 25

49

f.

35

5/

g.

70

73

h.

91

Name:	

## The Hungry Alligators

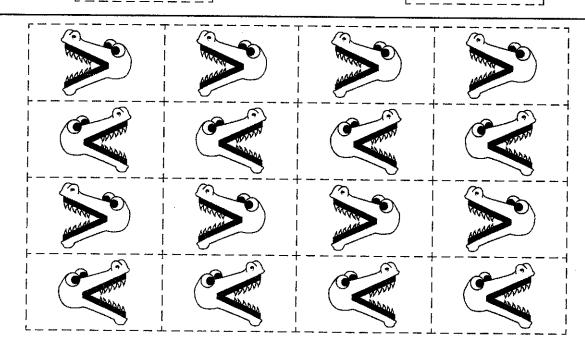
k.

m.

. 

ο.

p. 



Name:

#### The Hungry Alligators

"Greater Than" Alligator

"Less Than" Alligator



104 599



135 is greater than 104

599 is less than 900

Cut out the greater than and less than alligators on the next page and glue them in the correct boxes.

a.

208

684

b.

450

248

Ç.

374

152

d.

768

565

e.

98

981

f.

609

904

g.

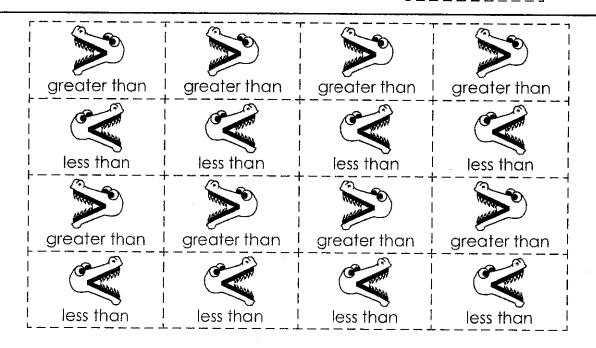
324

441

h.

The Hungry Alligators				
i. 642	349	j. 208	533	
k. 84	117	ı. 662	481	
m. 409	555	n. 743	810	

p.



٥.

N.I			
Name:	 		

Time to the Nearest 5 Minutes

# Telling Time To the Nearest 5 Minutes

Write the time shown on each clock.





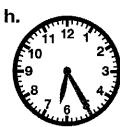












· Contract	77
11 12	27
9	3=
8 7	4
6	

Nam	e:·
	Addition Word Problems
Ansv	wer the questions. Show your work.
prove.	Leah sees 14 birds. Abby sees 23 birds. How many birds did they see in all?
	Answer:
2.	Dan has 27 pencils. He buys 21 more. How many pencils does he have in all?
	Answer:
3.	Pam has 33 keys. She finds 4 more. How many keys does she have now?
	Answer:

Ted picks 27 apples.

Pat picks 40 apples.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

How many apples do they have in all?

4.

Name: \_

# **Telling Time**

Write the time shown.

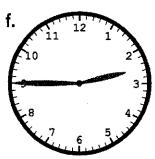










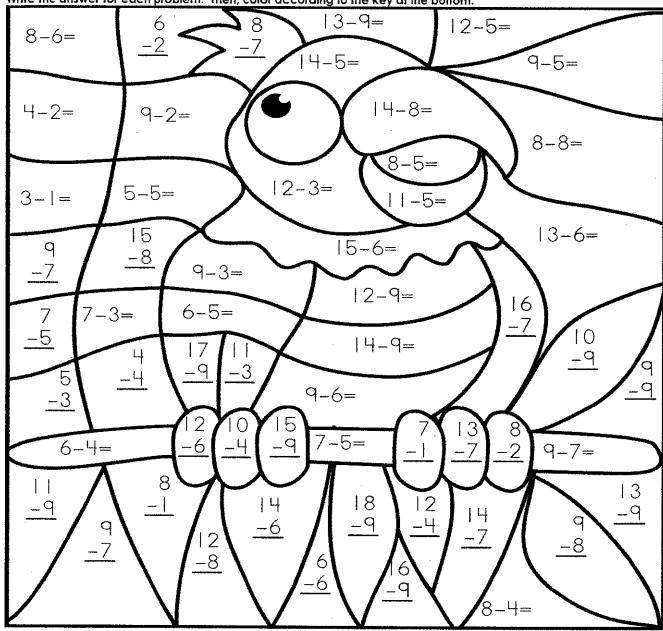








Write the answer for each problem. Then, color according to the key at the bottom.



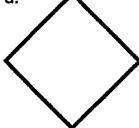
a	Blue	Ť	0, 4,	7
a	Red		3	
a	Yellow		6	
ar	Violat	7	Q	

Green	1
Brown	2, 5
Pink	9

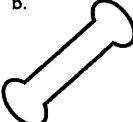
# Symmetry

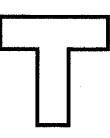
Draw lines of symmetry on the shapes below. Some shapes may have more than one line of symmetry.

a.

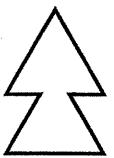


b.

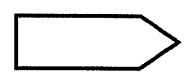




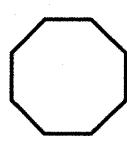
d.



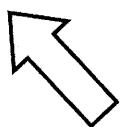
e.



f.



g.



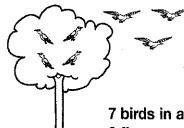
h.



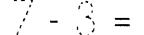


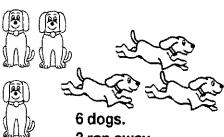
Name:	

#### Subtract



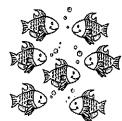
7 birds in a tree. 3 fly away. How many left?





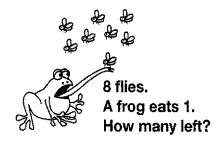
3 ran away. How many left?

=



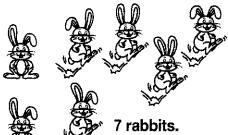


9 fish. 2 swim away. How many left?





5 baby birds in a nest. 2 jump out. How many left?

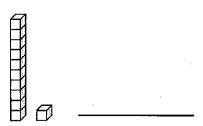


7 rabbits.
5 hop away.
How many left?

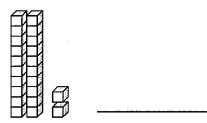
# Place Value Blocks

Write each number in standard form.

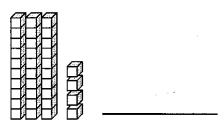
a.



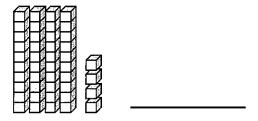
b.



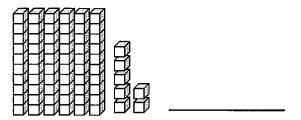
c.



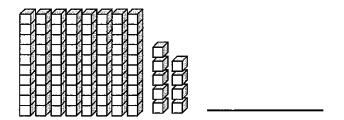
d.



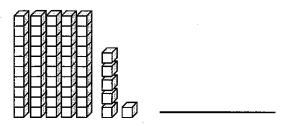
e.



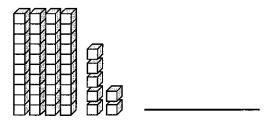
f.



g.



h.



## **Digit Values**

What is the value of the underlined digit?

- 34 The value of the digit 3 is 3 tens, or 30.
- $6\overline{2}$  The value of the digit 7 is **7 ones**, or **7**.



Write the value of the underlined digit.

- In the number 38, which digit has the largest value?
- In the number 15, which digit has the smallest value?

#### Hundreds, Tens and Ones

a. 234 = \_\_\_\_\_ hundreds, \_\_\_\_\_ tens, \_\_\_\_ ones

b. 809 = \_\_\_\_ hundreds, \_\_\_\_ tens, \_\_\_\_ ones

c. 571 = \_\_\_\_\_ hundreds, \_\_\_\_\_ tens, \_\_\_\_ ones

d. 160 = \_\_\_\_ hundreds, \_\_\_\_ tens, \_\_\_\_ ones

e. 67 = \_\_\_\_ hundreds, \_\_\_\_ tens, \_\_\_ ones

f. = 3 hundreds, 4 tens, 8 ones

g. \_\_\_\_\_ = 6 hundreds, 0 tens, 2 ones

h. \_\_\_\_\_ = 0 hundreds, 0 tens, 5 ones

i. \_\_\_\_\_ = 0 hundreds, 7 tens, 0 ones

j. \_\_\_\_\_ = 9 hundreds, 9 tens, 9 ones



#### Odd or Even?

Color the boxes with even numbers blue. Color the boxes with odd numbers red.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29

Even numbers have a \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_ in the ones place.

Odd numbers have a \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_ in the ones place.

Circle the odd number in each group.

- a. 56 30 45 98 62
- b. 87 58 32 26 70
- c. 76 94 12 99 4
- d. 46 90 83 22 78

Circle the even number in each group.

- a. 31 27 49 1 28
- b. 90 43 85 69 3
- c. 49 57 62 33 79
- d. 91 77 35 73 4

#### Odd or Even?

Odd numbers end with these digits: 1, 3, 5, 7, or 9

Even numbers end with these digits: 0, 2, 4, 6, or 8

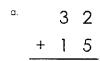
Tell	whether	each	number	bho ai	or even
1011	TTHE	CUCII	HOTHING	IS OUG	OI EVEII.

- **a.** 6 \_\_\_\_\_
- **b**. 36
- **c**. 23 \_\_\_\_\_
- **d.** 74 \_\_\_\_\_
- **e**. 54 \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **f.** 0 \_\_\_\_\_
- **g.** 98 \_\_\_\_\_
- **h.** 952 \_\_\_\_\_
- **i.** 100 \_\_\_\_\_
- **j.** 500 \_\_\_\_\_
- **k.** 41 \_\_\_\_\_
- I. 67<sup>-</sup>
- **m**. 20 \_\_\_\_\_
- **n.** 89 \_\_\_\_\_
- **o.** 72 \_\_\_\_\_
- **p.** 58 \_\_\_\_\_
- **q.** 41 \_\_\_\_\_
- r. 714 \_\_\_\_\_
- s. 9 \_\_\_\_\_
- **t.** 1,378 \_\_\_\_\_
- u. An apple tree has 62 apples on it.
  Are there an odd or even number of apples on the tree?
- v. Samantha has 17 cookies.Does she have an odd or even number of cookies?

w. Is the sum of 7+3 odd or even?

#### **Addition**

Find the sums.



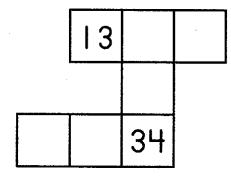


- Ken has 25 toy cars.Tim has 13 toy cars.How many toy cars do they have altogether?
- Sara has 34 dolls.She buys 3 more.How many dolls does she have in all?

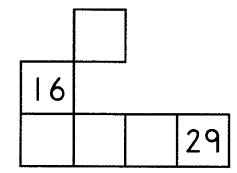
## **Hundreds Chart Puzzles**

Using your hundreds chart, fill in the empty boxes on each puzzle.

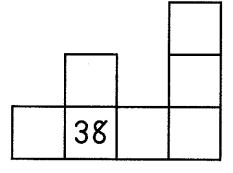
a.



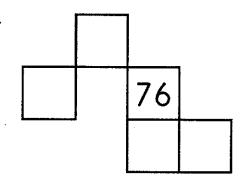
b.



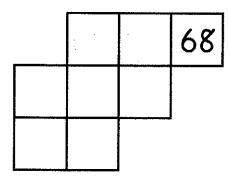
C.



d.



e.



f.

	· .	
52		

#### In and Out Boxes

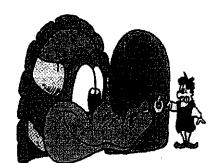
#### Fill in the empty boxes.

a.

ln	Out
1	3
3	
5	
7	

b.

Out
7



rule: add 2

rule: subtract 1

c.

<u>-</u>	3	7	8	10
Out	1			

rule: subtract 2

d.

ln	0	1	5	9
Out			10	

rule: add 5

e.

ln	3	5	7	9
Out		15		

rule: add 10

In	7	8	11	14
Out		4		

rule: subtract 4

#### Write the rule and fill in the empty boxes.

g.

ln	3	5	7	13
Out	0	2	4	

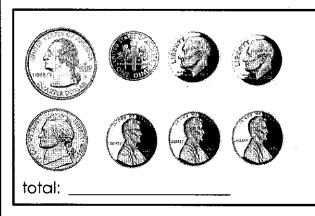
rule:

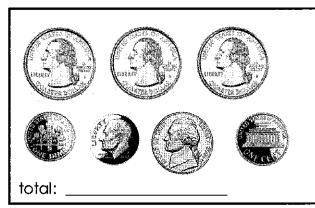
h.	In	1	5	6	10
	Out	5	9		

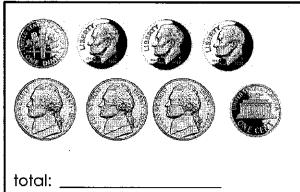
rule:

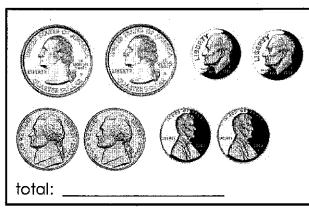
## **Counting Coins**

Write the amount of money shown in each box.

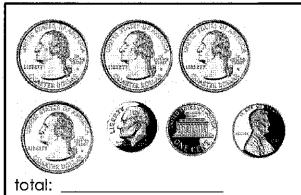












★ Challenge: Can you count all the coins on this page and find the total?

# **Counting Money**

Control of the second of the s	Transition (C. )	P. C.
2	0	0
<b>3</b> 1	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
2	<b>(3)</b> 0	3
<b></b> o	8	7
How much money in all?	How much money in all?	How much money in all?
KERTE: 4	CO TO	
1	4	1
<b>3</b> 4	<b>②</b> 1	<b>②</b> 5
<b>(4)</b> 0	<b>(</b>	<b>(3)</b> 5
4	1	9
How much money in all?	How much money in all?	How much money in all?

# **Counting Money**

Count the coins and write the amount.

a.



\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_

b.



\_\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_

c.



\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_

d



\_\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_

f.



\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_

g.



\_\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_\_

h,



\_\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_\_

i.



\_\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_\_

j.



\_\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_

k,



| 1.

(A)	XXE	<b>E</b>	

\_\_\_\_\_¢ or \$\_\_\_\_

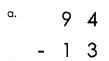
Name:	And the state of t
Compa	aring Money
ООПР	
Write the amount shown by each : Then, compare the sets of coins u	set of coins. using the symbols: <, >, or =.
336	Compare: <, >, or ==
amount:	amount:
(3)9(9)	Compare: <, >, or =
amount:	amount:
(a)(a)	Compare: <, >, or =
amount:	amount:
(B)(B)(B)(E)	Compare: <, >, or •
amount:	amount:

Name:

Subtraction (No Regrouping)

#### Subtraction

Subtract to find the differences.



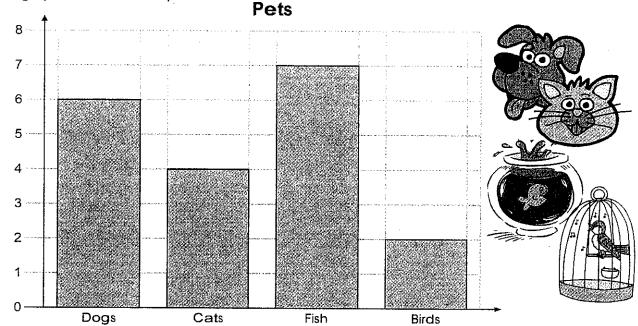


- k. Amy has 36 markers. 12 do not work. How many markers do work?
- There are 25 kids in Mr. Ying's class.
  13 are girls. How many are boys?

Name:	
1101110.	 

#### **Bar Graph of Pets**

This is a graph of pets that belong to the students of Miss Smith's class. Use the information from the graph to answer the questions.



- 1. How many dogs do the students have?
- 1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. How many birds do they have?

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. How many cats do they have?

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. How many fish do they have?

- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Do they have more fish or cats?
- 5.